WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR MONDAY .- Generally fair weather; westerly winds, becoming variable, but generally from the north; higher barometer, followed in extreme west portion by falling barometer; nearly stationary tem-

Every Department of the

Is being crowded to its utmost capacity with the product of Our Factory, and we do not White Heuse the other day, from one who vary from facts when we say that our exhibit will discount pers that the President had told some one any previous effort we have made for outfitting the myriads leading New York editors is utterwho trade at the



SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE The Great Balsamic Distillation of Witch Hazel, American Pine, Canadian Fir, Marigold, Clover Blossom, Etc.,

For the immediate relief and permanent cure of every form of Catarrh, from a simple head cold or influenza to the loss of smell, taste and hearing, cough, brochitis and incipient consumption. Relief in five minutes in any and every case. Nothing like it. Grateful, fragrant, wholesome. Cure begins from first application, and is rapid, radical, permanent and never failing.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, in one package, forming a complete treatment, of all druggists for \$1.00. Ask for SANFORD'S RADICAL CURR.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston. Collins' Voitaic Electric Plaster instantly affects the pervous system and banishes pain. A perfect Electric Batery combined with a Porous IS THE CRY Plaster for twenty-five cents. SUFFERING NERVE Weak and Worn Out Parts strengthens Tired Muscles, prevents Disease, and does more in one-half the time than any other plaster in the world. Sold

THE VERY LATEST

FANCY JEWELRY. Pine, Ringe, Chains, Bracelets, Cuff

and Collar Buttons. Novelties in Hat and Hair Pins, Genuine ATTAR OF ROSES and KISHME !.

CHARLES MAYER & CO.. 29 and 31 West Washington St.

WM. GUNN

PLUMBER GASFITTER

No. 7 Virginia Avenue. PIEST-CLASS WORK AT BOTTOM PRICES, felephone No. 499-

BROWNING & SLOAN

DRUGGISTS. AND DEALERS IN

Perfumery and Toilet Articles Lubin's, Colgate's, Lundborg's and Ricksecker' Fine Extracts, Genuine Imported Farina and German Cologne, Florida and Lavender Waters, Fine Toilet Soaps and Sponges, Tooth, Hair, Cloth and Nail Brushes, and all articles wanted for the

LOWEST FIGURES

Base Ball Outfits, Marbles and Tops given away to purchasers in our Boys' and Children's Department.

MODEL

Clothing Co.

GENERAL

Regarding Pearson's Appointment at at New York--- Washington Correspondents Puzzled.

General Grant Has a Bad Day Troubled With Mucous and Coughed Much.

PEARSON'S APPOINTMENT.

Not Due to New York Editors, as Claimed.

Special to the Sentinel. WASHINGTON, April 12.-I learned at the is very near the Chief Executive, that the statements published in several Eastern pa that he reappointed Postmaster Peacson at the request of three or four ly without foundation. My informant said: "The Presinent spent a good dea! of time looking into the charges agains! Mr. Pearson and found that he had managed the Postoffice efficiently and economically, and had not misused it for partisan purposes Pearson, too, was indersed for reappointment by the leading business men of the metropolis, many of them old Democra's." 'Is the President," asked the Sentinel cor-respondent, "likely to reappoint any Republican official who now holds office?"

"There is not a possibility of such a thing. If our party friends will just give Mr. Cleveland a little chance, he will turn all the rascals out and fill their places with good Damocrats. Rome, you know, was not built in a day, nor should we expect 110 000 Republican office-holders to be replaced in that time with Democrats."

Canada Refused Permission to Send Troops

Special to the Sentinel. WASHINGTON, April 12 .- When the Canadian Government asked permission of this country to transport troops through our territory in order to suppress the Riel insurrection, the President directed the Secretary of State to proceed with great caution, and to be careful to avoid any entanglement which might possibly draw this country into controversy. Mr. Bayard's decision, embodying a refusal of the request of the Canadian authorities, meets with the President's approval. The grounds of refusal have not been made public, but on excellent authority is said to be that it is an unusual course; that this Government does feel called upon to in suppressing its own disorders, either directly or indirectly; that it would involve committing the United States to take the position that Riel is no more nor less than a common rioter, or even insurrectionist, and finally, that a family quarrel in Canada is none of our business. The most stringent measures will be taken, however, to prevent invasion of our soil by either party, and to protect our citizens from ravages of contending forces. For this purpose an amp e military force is being massed on the had been extremely vivid during the influfrontier. These are simply precautionary measures. The President does not anticipate any trouble, as the position of this Government is well understood.

What Did the Secretary Mean? pecial to the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, April 12-A number of newspaper men were in Secretary Whitney's room one morning last week discussing various matters with the young Cabinet officer, when one of them remarked:

"Mr Secretary, as the most of us are gong to New Orleans next Monday, you will go doubt breathe easier."

"If I belonged to the newspaper frater nity," laughingly answered Secretary Whitney, "I should want to be in Washington next week. There's going to be lots to write

No one in the party knew exactly what the Secretary meant by this remark, nor did | them during the dreamy repose of waking anyone sek for an explanation, but the inference drawn by the majority was that there would be a batch of large sized removals in some of the departments this week which will cause a sensation.

Central American Troubles Settled. WASHINGTON, April 12 -Senor De Peralta, the Minister from Costa Rica, has received a dispatch from the Costa R'can Minister, who says that the Central Amerecan troubles are settled. The dispatch gives no details, but Senor De Peralta assumes that the fact that Honduras has entered the already strong alliance of States of Costa Rica, Nicarauga and Saivador, and the determined attitude of the Mexican Government against the Barrios project of compelling a union of the Centra! American States have convinced the Guate malan Government that it is the better policy for them to take no further steps to ward forcing the states into a union.

GENERAL GRANT.

Bis General Condition Thought to Be Somewhat Better, Though Still Precarious-Soothsayers' and Astrolgers' Predictions.

New York, April 12 .- General Grant passed a quiet night with the exception of the fit of coughing with which he was attacked about midnight. He fell into a natural slumber at 4 o'clock this morning, from which he

awoke two hours later. Shortly after noon the patient's throat was treated, and he walked into the library, where the doctore applied the medication.

At 2 p. m. Drs. Barker, Sands and Shrady arrived, and they were in consultation fortyfive minutes. Dr. Barker said the condition of the General's throat admitted of freer examination than for many days. The laryngoscope was used, and by the aid of a strong light reflected into the throat, the development of the ulcer was noted. The ulceration has not made much progress during the last two days, though there has been a gradual increase during the week.

The inflammation in the throat is not as pronounced as at one time. The patient's | 72 and temperature normal, condition, Dr. Barker thought, was somewhat

better, though it is still precarious. He is FROM ACROSS THE SEA. suffering from weakness and exhaustion.
"Is there any reason to fear a speedy fatal termination of tha disease?" "There is no special cause to fear more than in the last two or three days, though we must be prepared for emergencies. The following bulletin was issued at

General Grant has been very quiet since the fit of coughing last night. He has taken his nourishment regularyly and well as usual; pulse now,

72; temperature, 99. At the consultation just held (Drs. Barker, Sands, Shrady and Douglas present) the treatment pursued was approved by all.

J. H. Douglas, M. D. GROEGE F. SHEADY, M. D.

Senator Chaffee and ex-Senator Roscoe Conkling called between 3 and 4 o'clock. The latter said the General was quiet, with (to him) no apparent change since last Sunday, when he called.

Senator Leland Standford visited the house

in the afternoon, bringing flowers When Dr. Newman called at 11:30 yesterday morning, he entered the library, next to the General's room, and shook hands with Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Sartoris, "Father," called the latter, "Dr. Newman is here;" whereupon the General walked into the library and greeted Dr. Newman. He remained a few moments and then returned to his room with the remark that the air in the library was too cold for him. The conver-sation of the household before the General is aiways cheerful and pleasant, and family

thairs and everyday matters are discussed. the General is not delerious. The General's dream bas, by letters from many soothsayers, been interpreted to mean that he will live seventeen days, as many weeks, and by others as many years; the seventeen being the number of dollars the General had with which to pay duty on the saichel he left on the wrong side of the fence. The a trologer who prophesied good days and bad ones for the General has thus far been right. It was prophesied that if the General survived March 31 hs would live until September. That remains to be seen. If the patient lives until summer, Leland Stanford will endeavor to take him to California in a special car. The probably good results of the western climate on the General's health has been discussed, Senator Stanford urging that the General would be

benefitted thereby. At 9 o'clock to-night, Colonel Fred Grant, speaking of his father's condition during the day, said that he had coughed a good deal, and had, altogether, a bad day, although the paroxsysm of Saturday night had not been renewed. The General was very low, but Colonel Grant did not apprehend the end would come to-night. Four days ago, he said, the General, without seeming difficulty, walked from the front to the rear of the house, but each day since he had moved about less, and to day when he walked to the rear of the house through the hall he stopped to rest before returning. To be sure, twice during this afternoon, the General had walked into his office and remained there an hour at one time and three-quarters of an hour at another, conversing briefly with those who were near. But on one of these occasions, as General Grant left the room and passed into the office, he remarked: "I can not stand that," referring to the sweet and pungent odor. Colonel Grant stated that his father had not, at any time, been delirious in the sense of impaired mental feculties, but that he had been much usder the influnce of morphia for a week, and that in the twenty minutes or half hour as the influence was passing off, the General would experience a dreaming, semi-conscousness, during which he might, and often did recur in broken sentences to dreams that ence of the anodyne. A casual caller in the room might catch such disjointed utterences and regard them as anie vidence of delirium, but those who were with the General from the beginning of his awakening to the time the influence passed off entirely, would be able to follow and fully understand the context and relation of the General's utter-

But Celonel Grant stated that before morphia was used his father often talked in his sleep or semi consciousness For instance at one time he spoke in this way and said: 'General Wheat, which is your regiment? Where are your men?" and Colonel Grant explained that at that time his father thought he was at the battle of Shiloh, for General Wheat was there and General Grant thought he was getting the forces in line again. This was before morphia was administered to a great extent, Since the anodyne has been freely used the General has had similar illusions, but while recalling from sleep by morphia the recollection is not so prompt or vivid. A case in point was mentioned by Colonel Grant, that the influence 10 the oplat was passing Friday Saturday when the General ejaculated: "Its the strangest thing in the world," and there stopped, but at intervals continued to speak until he had thoroughly awakened, and was, as the Col-nel said, clear as a bell. Then the General explained to Colonel Grant that he thought he was out in Indiana and was calling at the house of Thomas A. Hendricks. Then he began awakening, and slowly recognized the furniture of his own house, when in his dream had been that of Mr. Hendricks, and then it was that, between sleeping and waking, the General had

ejaculated, "It is the strangest thing in the Colonel Grant, when asked last evening if it was possible to secure the General's autograph, replied that it was an impossibility at | present, and feared it was too late. The General never wrote except sitting at the desk in his office, and it was growing more and more wearing to walk to and from the adjoining rooms. Colonel Grant remarked that he had at least 500 pictures and albums waiting for his father's autograph. There were addressed and stamped letters bearing requests, enough to fill a large dry goods box, but Colonel Grant doubted if his father would sign anything more, though he might if asked and permitted by the dectors.

At 10:45 Dr. Newman left the house and proceeded toward Mad son avenue to take a car. In response to a question, he said: "I expect a very anxious night; General Grant has had a bad day, and I think there has been a recurrence of the coughing.' Dr. Shrady is in the house, and the General is at

this moment quietly sleeping. NEW YORK, April 13-12:30 a. m.-General Grant has been troubled during the latter part of the afternoon and the entire evening with an increase of mucous secretion in his throat, and has coughed considerably in consequence. He has also suffered from two attacks of choking, which were attended with difficult breathing. These were happily relieved by local application and the removal of the phlegm. He is now dozing in his chair. After having slept on his bed for three hours, his pulse is

GEORGE F. SHEADY, M. D.

Terrible Condition of Affairs in the Spanish Provinces --- Komaroff's Statements Not Implicitly Believed.

Considerable Excitement Over the Royal Visitors in Ireland -Their Reception Too Flattering.

THE LAND OF THE CID.

Spanish Provinces Pingue-Stricken-That Terrible Asiatic Scourge, Cholera, Closely Follows the Disastrous Earthquakes.

London, April 12 - The Spanish Government is at last forced to admit that it is threatened by another national calamity of the gravest kind. It has tardily admitted that the mysterious disease which made its appearance some weeks ago at San Felipe de Jativa, in Valencia, is Asiatic cholera. This has been maintained from the first by the press and public, but has been persistently denied by the physicians. The Government officials have chosen to credit the doctors rather than the laity, and have hitherto been deaf to all appeals for aid or for the enforcement of sanitary precautions. Now the doctors themselves are appalled at the spread and virulence of the disease, and they are loudest in the cry for help. No further concealment of the facts is attempted, and, in fact, secrecy now would be impossible. The to Alcira, Villanueva de Alcolea and Manhas been carried by shipping to Port Genoves in Almera, at the southeastern corner of the peninsula, to Malaga on the southern coast, and even to Mahon on the Island of Minorca, and to other ports in the Baelearic Islands. The whole seaboard is seriously threatened. The municipal and provincial authorities are at last aroused to active measures of prevention and relief. Lezarettos are being hastily provided, rations and supplies of medicine are being distributed to the destitute, and volunteer relief committees are furnishing delicacies and nurses to the sick. There is great destitution among the families of many of the sufferers. The scourge, as usual, chiefly attacks the poor, and those who either from poverty or ignorance fail to keep themselves and their surroundings clean. But almost everybody in the places where the disease is most prevalent is poor. These very places were ravaged by the earthquakes last year, and many people lost all their friends and property. Those of the survivors who had means left contributed liberal y to the relief of the others, and thus pinched themselves. Now it is as much as the communities can do to care for those already attacked and to bury those already dead. In view of the warm and humid season and the approach of summer, the plague is certain to spread. and if it does not become uncontrollable it will at least become an unbearable tax upon the money resources of the afflicted towns. They are now making pathetic appeals to the Provincial and General Government to send them money, food, clothing, doctors, nurses, and soldiers to form sanitary cor dous. Public prayers for the plague stricken people are ordered in many churches, and the papers are orging prompt action by the Commissary and Quartermaster Departments. The general public has hitherto been unexcited by the reports of sickness in Valencia, having been fooled into calmness oy the doctors, but when the terrible gravity of the situation becomes realized there is

likely to be a fierce outburst of indignation. AFGHAN AFFAIRS.

General Komareff's Statement Weakened by Reports Received via Austrian Telegraph Stations.

London, April 12 -The Ameer, upon leaving Rawal-Pindi, to day, expressed himself as certain that, while the Alghan's would welcome British aid, the native Indian troops would assist in repelling Russian in-

The effect of General Komaroff's detailed statement, which showed that the Afghan's provoked the recent battle, has been weakened by reports received by way of the Austrian telegraph stations on the Russian frontier. Perydeh was occupied by Colonel Alikhanoff on the 2d instant, General Kom aroff states that he was obliged to occupy Penideh in order to stop the pillaging of the district by Tarkomans, and that the Afchan's had threatened to resume offensive operations. The Russian Minister of War bas sent a congratulatory message to General Komaroff, and has directed him to thank the troops, in the name of the Czar, and announce to them that all who took part in the battle will be rewarded according to their rank.

Komaroff to be Rewarded.

LONDON, April 13 -The Daily Telegraph publishes a dispatch from Berlin, which sta'es that Russia refuses to yield an inch of the territory she has occupied on the Afghan frontier, and that the Czar intends to express his approval of General Komaroff action by appointing him Commander-in-Chief in Turkestan.

General Komaroff's Statement. St. Petersburg, April 12.-The Official Messenger publishes the following telegram from General Komaroff, dated April 1:

On the 25th of March our detachment approsched Dashkapri . When near the bridge we saw an entrenchment occupied by Afghans. In order to avoid a conflict I stationed my troops five versts (a little over three miles) from the Afghan position. Ne gotiations with Captain Yate, a member of Sir Peter Lumsden's force, commenced on the 26th. When the Afghans became convinned that we had no intention of attacking them they daily drew nearer to our camp. On the 27th they dispatched against a company of ours, covering a reconnonering party of three companies

their audacity and arrogance increasing, they occupied a high and commanding position on the left flank of cur camp, made entrenchments, and placed a cavalry post in the rear of our line and a picket within gun-shot of our fort. On the 29th I sent the Afghan commander an energetic summons to vacate the left bank of the Kushk, and he replied that, acting on the advice of the English, he would not retire beyond the Kushk. I then sent him a private letter, couched in amicable terms. On the 30th, in order to support my command, I marched with my detachment against the Afghan position, still expecting a pacific issue; but fire from the Afghan artillery, and an attack

of their cavalry, compelled me to accept a The St. Petersburg Journal says that the foregoing statement leaves no question of Russian aggression; that, moreover, Sir Peter Lumsden's second dispatch to the British Government justified General Komaroff's action, and that even Mr. Gladstone has shown a praiseworthy anxiety to atone for the ungracious words about Russia which first exceped him.

Will Avoid British Ports. Cairo, April 12 - The Russian Consul here has ordered the Russian transports Nostroma and Saint Petersburg to proceed to Vladivostock, avoiding all British ports.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The Visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales to Dabliu Disappoints the Nationalists and Pleases the Loyalists.

LONDON, April 12 -The triumph of the Loyalists in securing a suitable Irish welcome to the Prince and Princess of Wales in Dublin is deemed complete. I can not be denied that the triumph has deeply angered the Nationalist leaders throughout Inland, cholers has spread from San Felipe de Jativa | for they apprehend that it will increase the hold of the Loyalist minority upon the Brituel, in the province of Valencia, which is on | ish Government and, perhaps, weaken the the eastern seaboard of Spain. Thence it League cause among the common people of Ireland. There is good reason to believe that the Prince of Wales will not repeat his Dublin success when he reaches Cork. The Nationalists seem determined to score a victory in Cork against Royalty. They are doing their best to vilify their Royal Highnesses and to excite passion against them among the mob element. If the Nationalists fail to have the Prince at least coolly received in the Parliamentary borough represented by Mr. Parnell, they will, perhaps, give the contest up. Stories of the humanity and kineness shown by the Prince and Princess to the extreme poor while visiting the slums of Dublin have spread all over Ireland, and have profoundly impressed the Irish peasantry.

Financial Depression and Fear of Cholera in Italy Will Send Thousands of Emigrants Here.

London, April 12 -An enormous emigration from Italy to America is expected this season, as a result of last year's cholera epidemic. Italy is suffering from an almost unprecedented commercial depression, and all branches of industry show a lassitude which amounts in some trades to almost stagnation. In the rural districts the depression has caused an almost total failure of the production of wine and oil, and other crops have suffered a severe check. The strike among the rural laborers at Maniua is growing into larger proportions daily, and the authorities restrain the strikers from acts of violence and bloodshed with difficulty. Thus far 170 strikers have been imprisoned. The tyranny of the government in making unwarranted arrests, suppressing or destroying telegrams containing truthful statements of the situation, and seizing all newspapers which are outspoken in their protestations against high handed official acts is widely denour ced. The treatment meted out to such journals as have given voice to the existing misery and denounced the acts of the offi cials is almost unprecedented. The journalists are organizing a league for mutual protection against the prosecutions which threaten to overwhelm them.

Will Not Abandon the Soudau.

CAIRO, April 12.—General Wolseley says he has no idea of abandoning his intentions to recapture Khartonm in the autumn. Nubar Pasha, the Prime Minister, has replied to the French Ambassador in regard to the seizure of the Bosphore-Egyptian, that he intends to maintain his action, which, he says, is according to precedent and governa-

Evidence Secured.

QUEENSTOWN, April 12-Mr. Stephen Meany, Associate Counsel for Cunningham & Burton, who are charged with causing the explosion at the Tower, arrived here to-dayon his return from New York. He says that the journey to the United States to secure evidence to excalpate his clients was crowned with the greatest success.

Meeting of Unemployed Workmen.

London, April 12 -Twenty thousand unemployed workmen met in Hyde Park today. Five platforms had been erected, from which speeches were made. Resolutions were adopted asking the Government to reduce the working day to eight hours, and to provide public works for the unemployed.

Movements of British Men of War,

KINGSTON, Ireland, April 12 -The British men-of-war Neptune and Sultan, have gone to Postsmouth to receive equipments. The other vessels of the Channel flee; have gone to Q Henstown.

Hostilities to Cease. Peris, April 12,-Orders to cease hostilities were sent to Admiral Courbet and General De Lisle on the 10th inst. French troops,

however, are still embarking for Tonquin,

Quarantine Against Spain. Marseilles, April 12.-Three days' quarantine has been ordered here against arrivals from Spain, on account of the suspected prevalence of cholera at Spanish ports.

Another Earthquake in Spain. MADRID, April 12 -There was an earthmake to-day in Andelssid. Several houses fell, but nobody was injured.

The Meeting at Cork.

CORK. April 12 -At a mass meeting here to-day resolutions were adopted declaring with a gun and some cavalry. Next day, that the addresses presented to the Prince I lon by felling barometer.

and Princess of Wales do not express the feelings of the people. Very little enthusiasm was manifested at the meeting.

The Prince of Wales Gratified.

Duslin, April 12 -The Prince of Wales was heard to remark to a guest at the state ball at Dublin Castle Friday night last that he has never been so highly gratified at any public receptions as at those tendered him in Ireland since the first entrance of the Princess Alelxandria, when she came to London as his bride.

Fish Found Guilty.

New York, April 12 .- The jury in the case of the United States against James D. Fish, President of the Marine National Bank, returned a verdict at 12:20 o'clock Sunday morning. It was that Fish was guilty of misapplication of the funds of the bank of which he was President and Ferdinand Ward was Cashier.

There fourteen counts in the indictment. and on eleven counts he was found guilty. The defendant was present with his attorney and seemed greatly surprised at the result. He was immediately taken to Ludlow street jail, where he occupies the cell recently vacated by "Becky" Jones.

The statute classifies the crime of which the sccused was charged into the three acts -misapplication of funds, abstraction of funds, and credit and false entries. Fourteen counts of the indictment were fourteen separate charges and called for so many decisions. The first four counts, which charged the loan of \$40,000, \$95,000, \$110,000 and \$165,000 to the firm of Grant & Ward, were identical. Except for the numerical designation of the counts upon which he was convicted, it was impossible to-night to tell what they were.

Another Man of the Same Name,

LAFAVETTE, Ind., April 11.-This morning some facts came to light in regard to the box yesterday sent here and and opened by a young man named Shilling, and found to contain the trunk and limbs of a human be ing, from which the flesh had been removed The box was sent by a student at the Chicago Medical College, and was addressed to the young man who occupies the sender's

Henry Rueb, at one time engaged in the drug bussiness here, was the sender, as is shown in the letter received by Mr. Satiling. Rneb wrote for Shilling to have the box placed in the barn, as he expects soon to return to Lafayette, and would then have the bones properly dressed and put together. There being no secret address on the box. and two Charles Shillings, the express man delivered the box to the wrong man.

A Devilish Deed.

NORBORNE, Mo., April 11 -Our usually quiet city was to-day the scene of great excitement, caused by the arrest of Charles J. Dunkler, a farmer living four miles south of this place. Dunkler has a wife and three children, and is charged with an outrageous assault on two children, daughters of Edward Shore, and aged eight and ten years respectively. Shore was away from home, and Dunkler, finding he was not at home, went to the house and demanded admittance. On being refused admittance by the children he threatened to break down the door and so frightened them that they unlocked the door, when he entered and succeeded in his destardly attempt. Threats of lynching were heard on all sides Dunkler was remanded to jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

The War in the Northwest

ST PAUL April 12.- A Winnipeg special to the Globe says: The following dispatch has just been received from Battleford: "A courier scout, just in from Prince Albert, reports seeing 300 Indians, many mounted, at Point of Woods, on the Swift Current River, twenty miles below here. He found a large deposit of supplies on the Indian reserve. Everything is unchanged here, awaiting troops."

A Clarks correspondent's dispatch of last night says: "Battleford garrison can hold out till the arrival of troops should Fort Pitt Indians not reach there. The Indian programme is to take Fort Pitt and concentrate forces for an attack on Battleford.

Death Sentences Commuted.

FORT SMITH, Ark., April 12.-The death sentences of William Meadows, Fred M. Ray and Mason P. Holcomb, who were to hang next Friday, have been commuted to prison for life. No action was taken in the cases of William Phillips and William Nixon, to be hanged at the same time, consequently their execution will take place.

An Editor Assaulted by Women. NYACK, N. Y., April 12 - John V. Orderdenk, editor of the Independent Advertiser, was publicly assaulted with horese whips today by the wives of two police constables for publishing offensive articles about their

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

A bookkeeper of Portland, Ore., has been arrested, at Toronto, charged with embezzling several thousand dollars.

The Grand Trunk Railway has announced a reduction in the wages of all its employes, at Toronto, of from 5 to 10 per cent. Early yesterday morning the carriage fac-

tory of Wagner & Bently, of Cincinna'i, was damaged \$20,000 by fire. Covered by insurance. Two gangs of men were organized yesterday morning, and set to work searching for

the bodies of the entombed miners in Cuyler's colliery. A cable telegram was received at Bath, Me., yesterday, announcing the Louisiana,

which lett San Francisco October 14 of last year. The vessel was supposed to have been

INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, April 13-1 a. m. For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee-Generally fair weather, northerly winds becoming variable but generally from the north, higher barometer followed in the extreme west portion by failing barometer, nearly stationary temperature. For the Upper Lake Region-Generally fair weather, northerly winds becoming variable, slight rise in temperature, rising followed in west por-